

Solution MW Wax Additive

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Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 - United Kingdom (UK)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Solution MW Wax Additive

Product code : ADD-MW
Product type : Liquid.

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Resins.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Easy Composites Ltd

Unit 39, Park Hall Business Village

Longton, Stoke on Trent

Staffordshire ST3 5XA

United Kingdom

Tel: +44 (0) 1782 454499 Fax: +44 (0) 1782 596868

Email: sales@easycomposites.co.uk

1.4 Emergency telephone number Emergency tel +44 (0) 1782 454499 (office hours only)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)

STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Ingredients of unknown

: Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to

the aquatic environment: 5.8%

#### Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification : R1

Repr. Cat. 3; R63 Xn; R20, R48/20 Xi; R36/38 R52/53

Physical/chemical

hazards

ecotoxicity

: Flammable.

**Human health hazards** 

: Possible risk of harm to the unborn child. Harmful by inhalation. Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Irritating

to eyes and skin.

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#### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Environmental hazards

: Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H412 -

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary statements

Prevention

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective

clothing.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling

equipment.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P260 - Do not breathe vapour.

Response : P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

Storage : P235 - Keep cool.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : styrene

HYDROCARBONS C9-12 N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES CYCLIC

AROMATICS (2-25%)

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

## 2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

			Classification		
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
styrene	REACH #: 01-2119457861-32 EC: 202-851-5 CAS: 100-42-5 Index: 601-026-00-0	≥50 - <75	R10 Repr. Cat. 3; R63 Xn; R20, R48/20 Xi; R36/38	Flam. Liq. 3, H226  Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315  Eye Irrit. 2, H319  Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)  STOT RE 1, H372	[1] [2]
HYDROCARBONS C9-12 N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES CYCLIC AROMATICS (2-25%)	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 919-446-0	≥20 - <25	R10 Xn; R65 R66, R67 N; R51/53	(ears) Flam. Liq. 3, H226  Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Not	[1]
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	EC: 232-315-6 CAS: 8002-74-2	≥5 - <10	Not classified.	classified.	[2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the R- phrases declared above.	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Туре

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air

and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such

as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May

cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

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#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not

reuse container.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### Seveso II Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

#### Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b	5000	50000
C6: Flammable (R10)	5000	50000

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

: Not available. Recommendations Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
styrene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA:
	430 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL:
	1080 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
·	STEL: 6 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume
	TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume

## Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
styrene	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	306 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	406 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	85 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	174.25 mg/ m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	182.75 mg/ m³	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	343 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10.2 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2.1 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
HYDROCARBONS C9-12 N- ALKANES, ISOALKANES CYCLIC AROMATICS (2-25%)	DNEL	Dermal	44 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	-
	DNEL	Inhalation	330 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	-
	DNEL	Oral, Dermal	26 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	-
	DNEL	Inhalation	71 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Consumers	-

#### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
styrene	Marine water Fresh water sediment Marine water sediment Soil	0.028 mg/l 0.0028 mg/l 0.614 mg/kg dwt 0.0614 mg/kg dwt 0.2 mg/kg dwt 5 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant		-

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### Individual protection measures

#### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### Skin protection

#### Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour Not available. Odour Not available. **Odour threshold** : Not available. pН : Not available. Melting point/freezing point : Not available. **Initial boiling point** · Not available. Flash point Closed cup: 32°C **Evaporation rate** : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) :: Not available.

Burning time : Not applicable.

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Burning rate : No

Upper/lower flammability or applicable.: Not

**explosive limits** available.

Vapour pressure: Not available.Vapour density: Not available.

Relative density : 0.91

Solubility(ies) : Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ available. : Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

**Decomposition temperature** : Not

Viscosity avecliate the atic (40°C): >0.4 cm²/s

Explosive properties Oxidising available.

properties : Not

VOC content (% by weight) available. : Not

available.

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**10.3 Possibility of** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

hazardous reactions

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:oxidizing materials

10.6 Hazardous Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

decomposition products : should not be produced.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
styrene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	2770 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11800 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2650 mg/kg	-
HYDROCARBONS C9-12 N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES CYCLIC AROMATICS (2-25%)	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>13.1 mg/l	4 hours
, ,	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	3400 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg	-  -

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Route	ATE value	
,	3954.9 ppm 12.3 mg/l	

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
styrene	Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes	Human	-	50 parts per million	-
	- Moderate irritant Eyes	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	- Severe irritant Skin -	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Mild irritant Skin -	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Sensitisation

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available. **Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)** 

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
HYDROCARBONS C9-12 N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES CYCLIC AROMATICS (2-25%)	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
styrene	Category 1	Not determined	ears

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
HYDROCARBONS C9-12 N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES CYCLIC AROMATICS (2-25%)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May

cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

**Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

**Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
styrene	Chronic NOAEL Dermal Chronic NOAEL Inhalation Gas.	Rat Rat	615 mg/kg 20 ppm	- 8 hours

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or

repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical

Mutagenicity hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : Suspected of damaging the unborn

**Developmental effects** child.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical

hazards.: No known significant effects or critical

Other information habitation habi

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
styrene	Acute EC50 1400 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 33 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
HYDROCARBONS C9-12 N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES CYCLIC AROMATICS (2-25%)	Acute EC50 4700 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 13000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4020 μg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1.01 mg/l EC50 10 to 22 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Hyalella azteca Fish - Pimephales promelas Daphnia Daphnia	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 21 days 48 hours
(2 20 70)	IC50 4.6 to 10 mg/l LC50 10 to 30 mg/l	Algae Fish	72 hours 96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
styrene HYDROCARBONS C9-12 N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES CYCLIC AROMATICS	-	-	Readily Readily
(2-25%)			

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
styrene	0.35	13.49	low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not vPvB applicable. : Not

applicable.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

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## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### **Packaging**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** 

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN2055	UN2055	UN2055
14.2 UN proper	STYRENE MONOMER, STABILIZED	STYRENE MONOMER, STABILIZED	Styrene monomer, stabilized
shipping name 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Hazard identification number 39  Limited quantity 5 L  Tunnel code (D/E)	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-E, S-D	Passenger and Cargo AircraftQuantity limitation: 60 L Packaging instructions: 355 Cargo Aircraft OnlyQuantity limitation: 220 L Packaging instructions: 366 Limited Quantities - Passenger AircraftQuantity limitation: 10 L Packaging instructions: Y344

14.6 Special precautions for user

: **Transport within user's premises**: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

: Not available.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

Solution MW Wax Additive

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

#### Other EU regulations

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
styrene	-	-	Repr. 2, H361d	-

**Seveso II Directive** 

(Unborn child)

This product is controlled under the Seveso II Directive.

#### **Danger criteria**

#### Category

P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b

C6: Flammable (R10)

#### International regulations

Listed on inventory. : Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

**Korea inventory**: All components are listed or exempted. **Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register)**: Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or

exempted.

**Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: All components are listed or exempted. **Taiwan inventory (CSNN)**: All components are listed or exempted.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

and acronyms CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 1, H372	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Solution MW Wax Additive

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Full text of abbreviated H statements

: H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

(inhalation)

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

(Unborn child)

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (ears)

(ears)

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

: Acute Tox. 4, H332 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Flam. SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Liq. 3, H226 Repr. 2, FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

H361d (Unborn child) TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT

RE 1, H372 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC

TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) -

Category 1

STOT RE 1, H372 (ears) SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

EXPOSURE) (ears) - Category 1

STOT SE 3, H336 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE

EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Full text of abbreviated R phrases

: R10- Flammable.

R63- Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

R20- Harmful by inhalation.

R48/20- Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure

through inhalation.

R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin.

R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

R52/53- Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

Full text of classifications

[DSD/DPD]

: Repr. Cat. 3 - Toxic to reproduction category 3

Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant

N - Dangerous for the environment

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